# WATER AND AQUEOUS SYSTEMS

# **Chapter Test A**

### A. Completion

Fill in the word(s) that will make each statement true.

1.	A compound that does not conduct an electric current in aqueous solution or when molten is called a(n) $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .	1.	
2.	A substance is said to be2 when it is able to remove sufficient water from the air to dissolve completely and form a solution.	2.	
3.	A mixture from which some of the particles will settle slowly upon standing is $a(n) = 3$ .	3.	
4.	The dissolving medium of a solution is called the4	4.	
5.	A hydrate will5 if its vapor pressure is higher than the vapor pressure of the water vapor in the air.	5.	
6.	The chaotic movements of colloidal particles are known as6	6.	
7.	7 are colloidal dispersions of liquids in liquids.	7.	
8.	A(n) <u>8</u> contains water molecules that form part of its crystal structure.	8.	
9.	The scattering of visible light in all directions by colloids or suspensions is called the9	9.	
10.		10.	

## **B. Multiple Choice**

Choose the best answer and write its letter on the line.

- 11. The high surface tension of water is due to the: a. small size of water molecules.

  - **b**. low mass of water molecules.
  - c. hydrogen bonding between water molecules.
  - **d.** covalent bonds in water molecules.
- \_ 12. Salts and other compounds that remove moisture from air are said to be:
  - a. efflorescent.

c. colloidal.

b. surfactant.

d. hygroscopic.

- **\_ 13.** A water molecule is best represented by:



**b.** H—O—H

- **d.** H—H—O
- **14.** The density of ice is less than the density of water because:
  - **a.** ice has a lower molecular mass than water.
  - **b.** the same mass occupies a smaller volume.
  - **c.** the molecules are more closely packed.
  - **d.** hydrogen bonding in ice produces an open framework.
- **15.** A solution is a mixture:
  - a. from which the solute cannot be filtered.
  - **b.** that is colloidal.
  - **c.** that is heterogeneous.
  - **d.** in which a solid solute is always dissolved in a liquid solvent.
  - **16.** Which of the following is *not* an electrolyte?
    - **a.** cane sugar(*aq*)

**c.** KCl(*aq*)

**b.** HCl(*aq*)

- **d.**  $(NH_4)_2SO_4(aq)$
- **\_ 17.** An electric current is conducted by:
  - **a.** a solution of NaCl.
- c. solid NaCl.

**b.** a sugar solution.

- d. solid sugar.
- **18.** How many water molecules are in two formula units of barium hydroxide octahydrate, Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub> • 8H<sub>2</sub>O?
  - **a.** 2

**c.** 16

**b.** 8

- **d.** 20
- 19. Which of these would you expect to be soluble in the nonpolar solvent carbon disulfide, CS<sub>2</sub>?
  - **a.** MgCl<sub>2</sub>

c. CBr<sub>4</sub>

**b**. CaCO<sub>3</sub>

- **d.** H<sub>2</sub>O
- **20.** Gelatin would best be classed as:
  - **a.** a colloidal dispersion.
- **c.** a heterogeneous mixture.

**b.** a suspension.

- **d.** an aqueous solution.
- **21.** A typical kind of emulsion is:
  - **a.** muddy water.

c. sea water.

**b.** mayonnaise.

- d. smoke.
- **22.** When sodium chloride is mixed with water, it forms: **a.** a dispersion.
  - **c.** a solution.

**b.** an emulsion.

**d.** a suspension.

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Name		Date	Class				
C. True-l	False						
Classify each of these statements as always true, AT; sometimes true, ST; or never true, NT.							
23.	Ionic solutes are very soluble	e in water.					
24.	Liquids decrease in density	as they cool.					
25.	Hydrates are hygroscopic.						
26.	Rubbing alcohol, C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> OH, is	s an electrolyte.					

#### **D. Problem**

Solve the following problem in the space provided. Show your work.

**27.** What is the percent by mass of water in the hydrate  $CoCl_2 \cdot 6H_2O$ ?