CHAPTER 20

THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLTUION AND ITS IMPACT ON EUROPEAN SOCIETY

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CHAPTER OUTLINE

- I. The Industrial Revolution in Great Britain
 - A. Origins
 - 1. Supply of Capital
 - 2. Early Industrial Entrepreneurs
 - 3. Mineral Resources
 - 4. Role of Government
 - 5. Markets
 - B. Technological Changes and New Forms of Industrial Organization
 - 1. The Cotton Industry
 - 2. The Steam Engine
 - 3. The Iron Industry
 - 4. A Revolution in Transportation
 - 5. The Industrial Factory
 - C. Britain's Great Exhibition of 1851
- II. The Spread of Industrialization
 - A. Limitations to Industrialization
 - 1. Borrowing Techniques and Practices
 - 2. Role of Government
 - 3. Joint-Stock Investment Banks
 - B. Centers of Continental Industrialization
 - C. The Industrial Revolution in the United States
 - 1. The Need for Transportation
 - 2. The Labor Force
 - D. Limiting the Spread of Industrialization to the Nonindustrialized World
 - 1. The Example of India
- III. The Social Impact of the Industrial Revolution
 - A. Population Growth
 - 1. The Great Hunger
 - 2. Emigration
 - B. The Growth of Cities
 - 1. Urban Living Conditions in the Early Industrial Revolution
 - 2. Urban Reformers
 - C. New Social Classes: The Industrial Middle Class
 - 1. The New Industrial Entrepreneurs
 - 2. Significance of Industrial Entrepreneurs
 - D. New Social Classes: Workers in the Industrial Age
 - 1. Working Conditions for the Industrial Working Class
 - E. Standards of Living
 - F. Efforts at Change: The Workers

- 1. The Trade Union Movement
- 2. Luddites
- 3. Chartism
- G. Efforts at Change: Reformers and Government
 1. Government Action
- IV. Conclusion