

CHAPTER 23

MASS SOCIETY IN AN “AGE OF PROGRESS,” 1871-1894

CHAPTER OUTLINE

I. The Growth of Industrial Prosperity

- A. New Products
 - 1. Chemicals
 - 2. Electricity
 - 3. The Internal Combustion Engine
- B. New Markets
 - 1. Tariffs and Cartels
 - 2. Larger Factories
- C. New Patterns in an Industrial Economy
 - 1. German Industrial Leadership
 - 2. European Economic Zones
 - 3. The Spread of Industrialization
 - 4. A World Economy
- D. Women and Work: New Job Opportunities
 - 1. White-Collar Jobs
 - 2. Prostitution
- E. Organizing the Working Classes
 - 1. Socialist Parties
 - 2. Evolutionary Socialism
 - 3. The Problem of Nationalism
 - 4. The Role of Trade Unions
 - 5. The Anarchist Alternative

II. The Emergence of Mass Society

- A. Population Growth
- B. Emigration
- C. Transformation of the Urban Environment
 - 1. Improving Living Conditions
 - 2. Housing Needs
 - 3. Redesigning the Cities
- D. Social Structure of Mass Society
 - 1. The Upper Classes
 - 2. The Middle Classes
 - 3. The Lower Classes
- E. The “Woman Question”: The Role of Women
 - 1. Marriage and Domesticity
 - 2. Birthrates and Birth Control
 - 3. The Middle-Class Family
 - 4. The Working-Class Family
- F. Education in the Mass Society

1. Universal Elementary Education
2. Female Teachers
3. Literacy and Newspapers

G. Mass Leisure

1. Music and Dance Halls
2. Mass Tourism
3. Team Sports

III. The National State

A. Western Europe: The Growth of Political Democracy

1. Reform in Britain
2. The Third Republic in France
3. Spain
4. Italy

B. Central and Eastern Europe: Persistence of the Old Order

1. Germany
2. Austria-Hungary
3. Russia

IV. Conclusion