CHAPTER 22
AN AGE OF NATIONALISM AND REALISM, 1850-1871

CHAPTER OUTLINE

I. The France of Napoleon III
   A. Louis Napoleon: Toward the Second Empire
   B. The Second Napoleonic Empire
      1. Early Domestic Policies
      2. Liberalization of the Regime
   C. Foreign Policy: The Mexican Adventure
   D. Foreign Policy: The Crimean War
      1. The Ottoman Empire
      2. War in the Crimea

II. National Unification: Italy and Germany
   A. The Unification of Italy
      1. The Leadership of Cavour
      2. The Efforts of Garibaldi
   B. The Unification of Germany
      1. Bismarck
      2. The Danish War (1864)
      3. The Austro-Prussian War (1866)
      4. The Franco-Prussian War (1870-1871)

III. Nation Building and Reform: The National State in the Mid-Century
   A. The Austrian Empire: Toward a Dual Monarchy
      1. Ausgleich of 1867
   B. Imperial Russia
      1. Abolition of Serfdom
      2. Other Reforms
   C. Great Britain: The Victorian Age
      1. Disraeli and the Reform Act of 1867
      2. The Liberal Policies of Gladstone
   D. The United States: Slavery and War
      1. The Civil War
   E. The Emergence of a Canadian Nation

IV. Industrialization and the Marxist Response
   A. Industrialization on the Continent
   B. Marx and Marxism
      1. Ideas of the Communist Manifesto
      2. Organizing the Working Classes

V. Science and Culture in an Age of Realism
   A. A New Age of Science
B. Charles Darwin and the Theory of Organic Evolution
   1. The Theory of Evolution
C. A Revolution in Health Care
   1. Pasteur and Germs
   2. New Surgical Practices
   3. New Public Health Measures
   4. New Medical Schools
   5. Women and Medical Schools
D. Science and the Study of Society
E. Realism in Literature
F. Realism in Art
   1. Courbet
   2. Millet
G. Music: The Twilight of Romanticism
   1. Liszt
   2. Wagner
VI. Conclusion