

**Section 3 Guided Reading and Review**



**Self-Rule for Canada, Australia, and New Zealand** (textbook pp. 667–672)

CHAPTER 26

**A. Main Ideas**

As you read Section 3, fill in the missing information under each heading.

**The Canadian Pattern**

**The two Canadas**

1. The Canada Act of 1791 created \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

**The Durham Report**

2. The Durham Report called for the two Canadas to be reunited and so the \_\_\_\_\_ was passed in 1840.

**Dominion of Canada**

3. Britain passed the \_\_\_\_\_ of 1867 to unite the provinces and create the Dominion of Canada.

**Expansion**

4. Canada's first prime minister encouraged expansion across the continent by calling for a \_\_\_\_\_.

**Immigration**

5. In the late 1800s and early 1900s, immigrants from Europe and Asia enriched Canada \_\_\_\_\_.

**Europeans in Australia**

**The first settlers**

6. The \_\_\_\_\_ lived in small hunter and food-gathering groups.

**A penal colony**

7. British convicts were transported to Australia and forced to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Into the Outback**

8. A population boom occurred when \_\_\_\_\_ was discovered in 1851.

**Achieving self-government**

9. Worried about \_\_\_\_\_, Britain helped the Australian colonies unite into the independent Commonwealth of Australia in 1901.

**New Zealand**

**Maori struggles**

10. Unlike the Aborigines, the Maoris were \_\_\_\_\_.

**Self-government**

11. In 1893 New Zealand became the first nation to \_\_\_\_\_.

**B. Reviewing Key Terms**

Briefly define the following terms.

12. indigenous \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

13. penal colony \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_